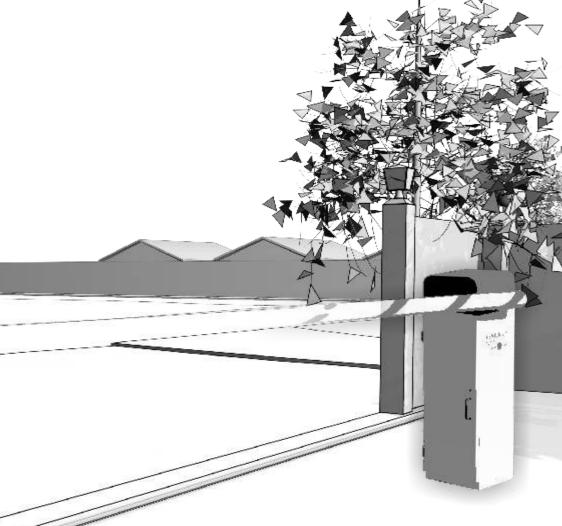
# INSTALLATION MANUAL

# CENTRY TRAFFIC BARRIER



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# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

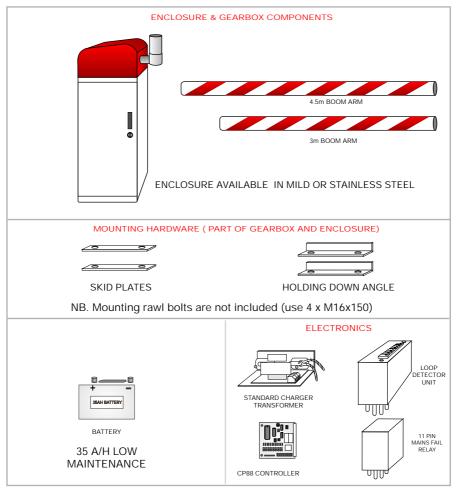
A CENTURION ACCESS AUTOMATION system is a quality product designed to give many years of trouble free service.

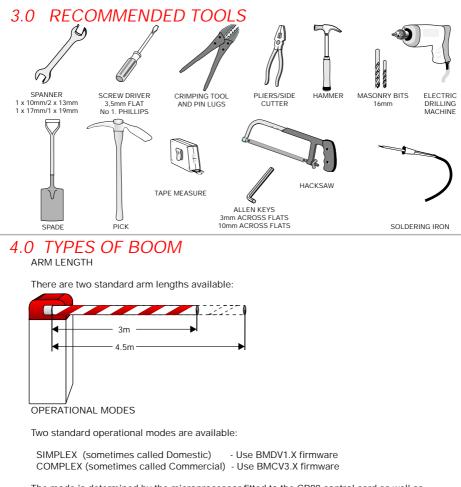
This MANUAL has been compiled to assist you, the customer, with a trouble free installation.

## PLEASE READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

# 2.0 BASIC KIT

The boom kit comprises of one or more components shown in the identification list below.

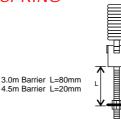




The mode is determined by the microprocessor fitted to the CP88 control card as well as selecting which loop detectors are required, (See next section) ref. 1012034A.cdr

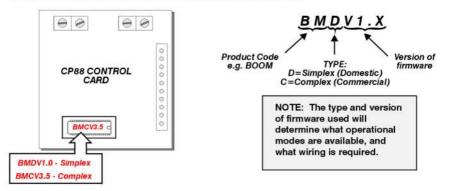
# 4.1 CENTRY PRE-TENSION SPRING

CENTRY PRE-TENSION SPRING Adjust according to boom Pole Length 3.0m Pole: L=80mm 4.5m Pole: L=20mm



# 4.2 DETERMINATION OF OPERATIONAL MODE

The mode is determined by the microprocessor fitted. Locate the label on the microprocessor to find out what operational mode will be effective.



# MAJOR FEATURES OF OPERATIONAL MODES

### SIMPLEX MODE (B M D V 1.X)

- **Raising and lowering of the boom is done via a remote control or pushbutton.**
- Selectable autoclose after thirty seconds.
- Collision detection via motor current limit. When correctly set, it will cause the boom to re-open on hitting an obstruction.
- There is one safety input for use with I/R beams or inductive loop sensors. This input can be used to provide vehicle presence detection and auto close inhibit.
- Potential free contact for external security light etc.

### COMPLEX MODE (B M C V 3.X)

- Memory input (MI) for cardreader input etc.
- Non-memory input (NMI) for ticket vendor or cash register input.
- Ticket vend interlock (TVI) via potential free contact to inhibit ticket issue if barrier is opening or open.
- Barrier close /safety input, either loop detector (recommended) or infrared beam.
- 2 seconds rollback protection.
- Mains fail raise input (requires additional relay).

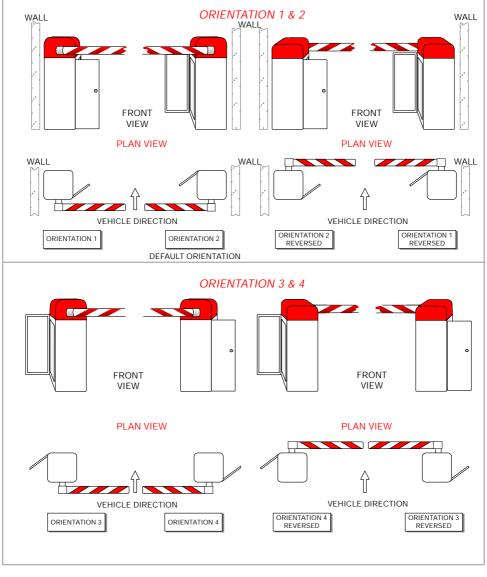
See Glossary, Section 13.0 for definition of non standard terms.

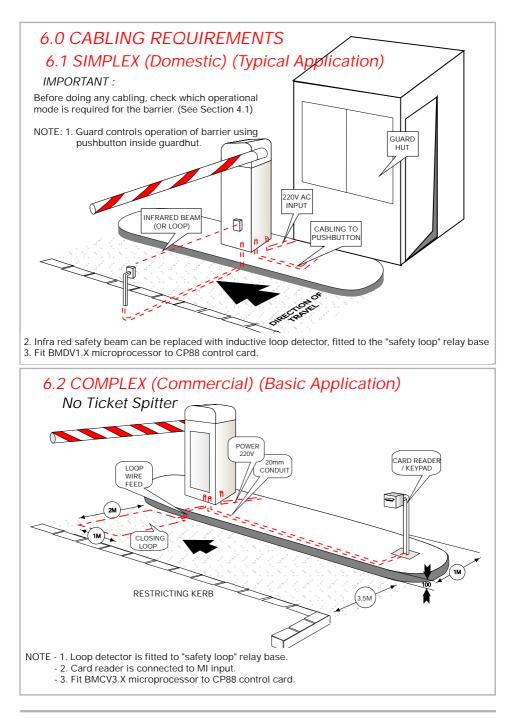
# 5.0 ORIENTATIONS

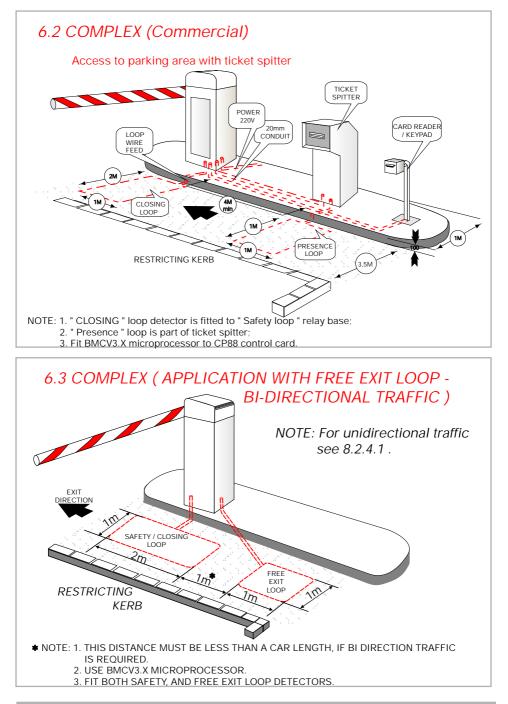
The following orientations are possible:-

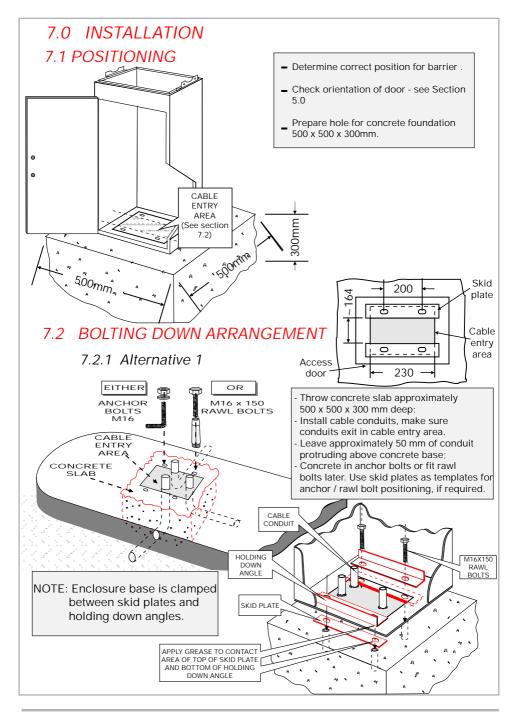
The factory default is Orientation 2 for single barriers. See section 7.3 for details of converting to other orientations.

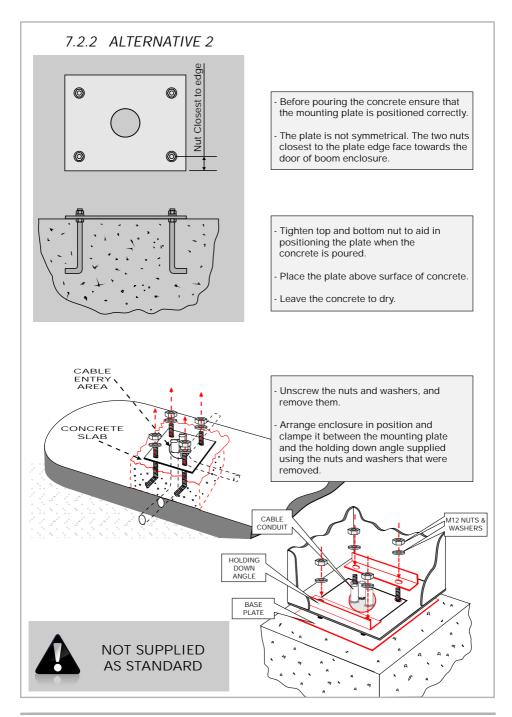
If barriers are to be paired, (e.g. in a wide entrance of say 6 metres, which requires 2 x 3 metre booms, then the pairs must be selected as Orientation 1 & 2 or Orientation 3 & 4 (i.e. where the doors will open onto the pavement and not onto the driveway).





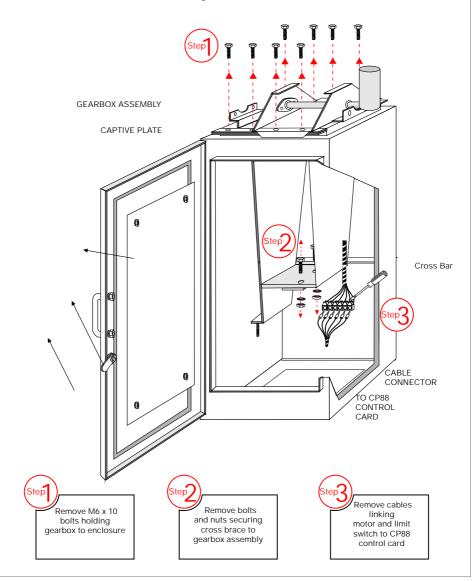


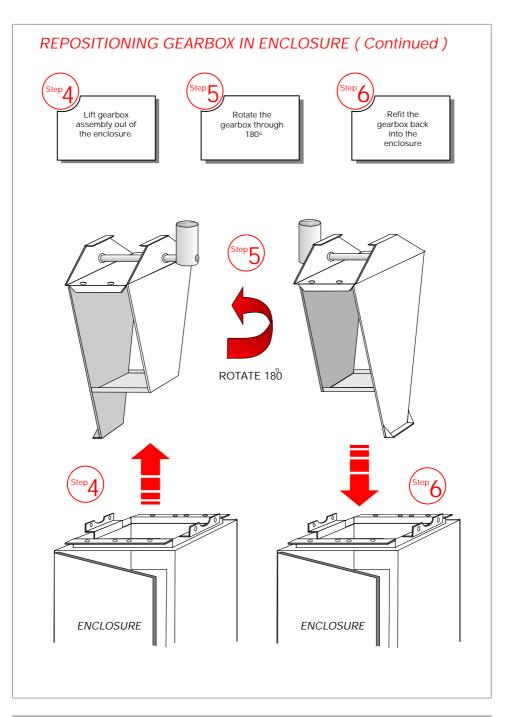


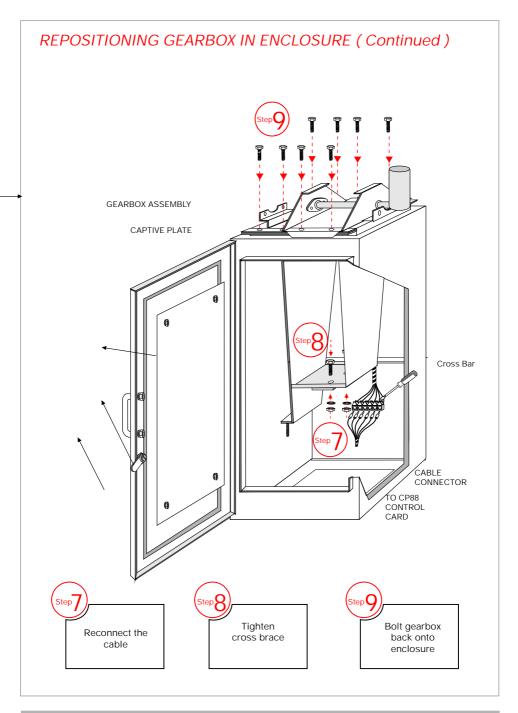


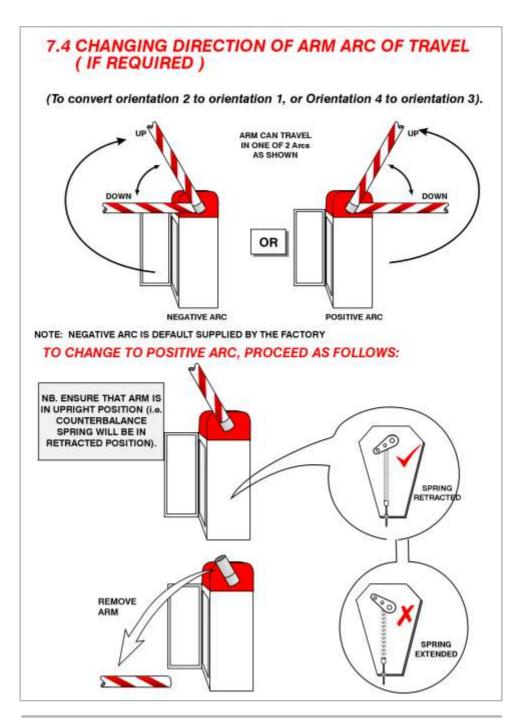
### 7.3 REPOSITIONING GEARBOX IN ENCLOSURE (To convert a factory default orientation 2 to orientation 4)

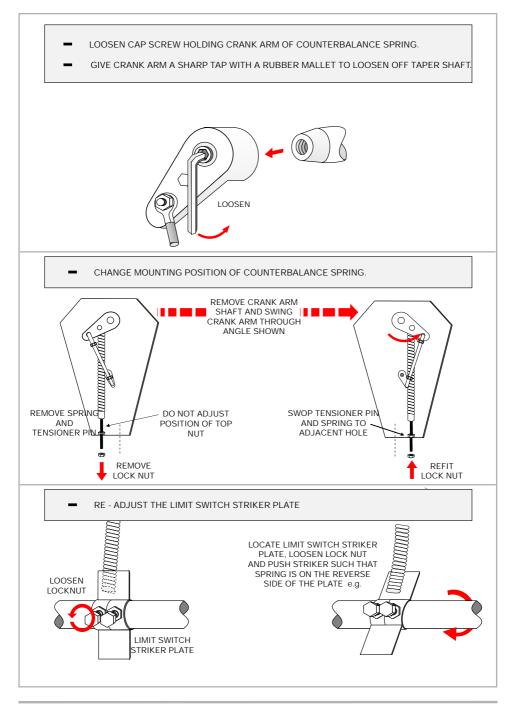
The following modifications are done only if it is necessary to change the orientation of the gearbox inside the enclosure e.g. the unit has been incorrectly ordered, or site conditions have changed.



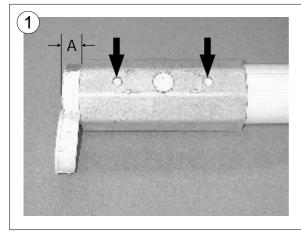




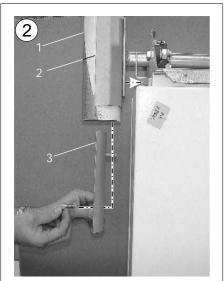




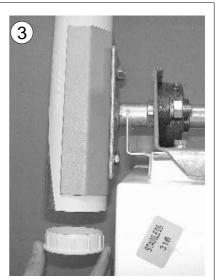
# 7.5 BOOM ASSEMBLY



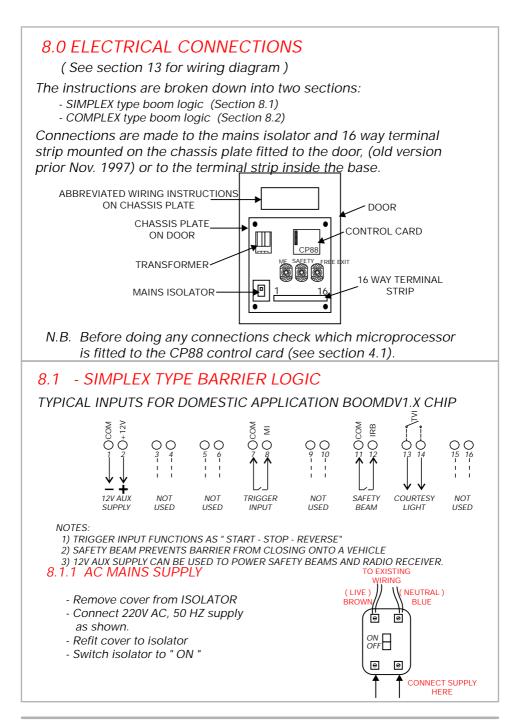
If the boom pole has not been supplied pre-drilled, use the external clamping piece as a template, mark and drill the 10.5 mm holes in the boom pole. In order for the end cap to fit correctly, there must be a clearance, the thickness (A) of the end cap, between the end of the boom pole and the clamping piece.

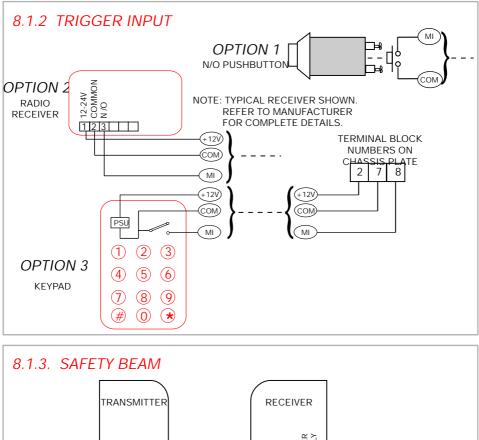


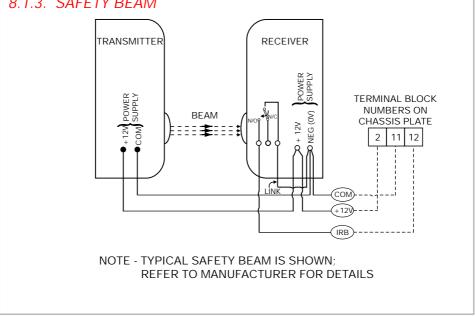
Fit the boom pole (1) into the external clamping piece (2). Fit the M10 bolt through the internal clamping piece (3) and slide the assembly through the end of the boom pole. Locate the bolts in the holes in the boom pole.

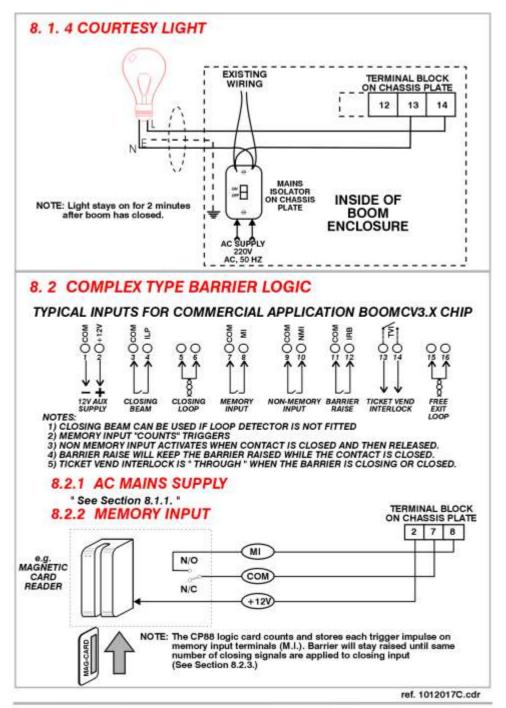


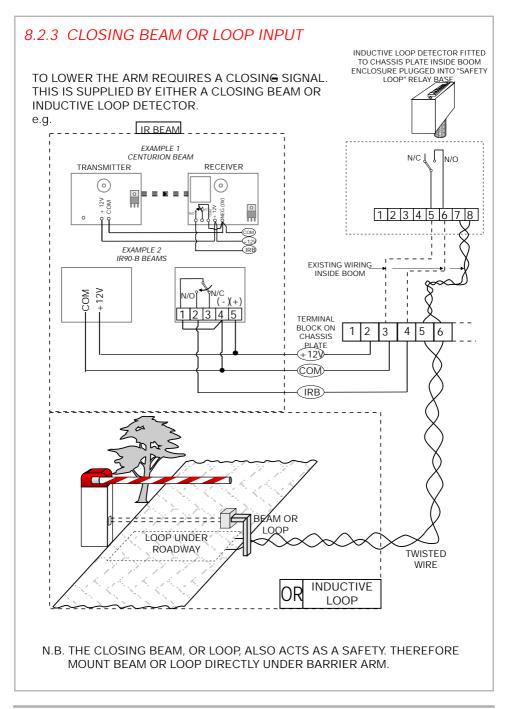
Fit the M10 nuts onto the bolts and tighten. Fit the boom end cap into the end of the boom as shown above.

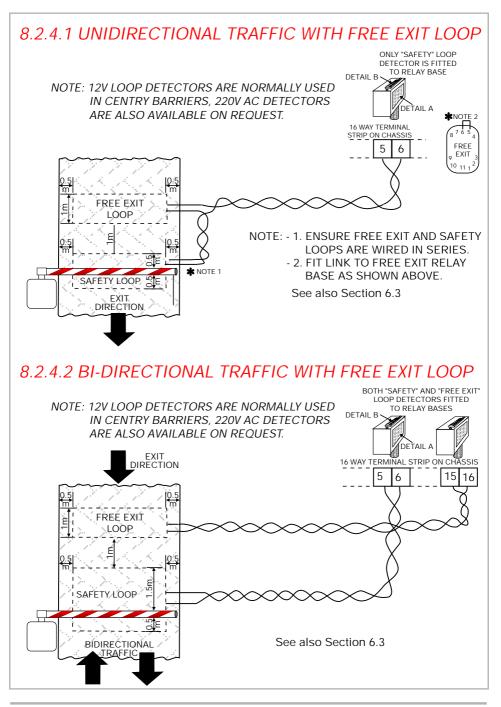












# 8.2.4.3 LOOP DETAILS

STANDARD FEATURES OF THE DETECTOR ARE:

- Reset Switch.

- The reset switch enables the detector to be manually reset during commissioning and testing. This results in the detector re-tuning the sensing loop and becoming ready for vehicle detection.
- Selectable Pulse Time. This feature sets the length of time that the pulse relay will be energised for. 1 Second or 0.2 Second.
- Pulse Relay Selection.
- The Pulse relay may be configured to energise on detection of vehicle leaves the loop or when the vehicle leaves the switch selectable Sensitivity. Four sensitivity settings are available on the switches to allow flexibility in configuration.

ch	selectable Sensitivity.	Fo	our sensitivity	settings are availab	le on the	swit	ches to	),
1	High	-	0.01%	5		-	0.2%	
2	-	-	0.02%	6		-	0.5%	
3		-	0.05%	7		-	1%	
4		-	0.1%	8	Low	-	2%	
- 1-	aalaatabla Fraguapau							

- Switch selectable Frequency.

Two frequency settings are available to prevent cross-talk between adjacent loops.

- Permanent Presence Option.

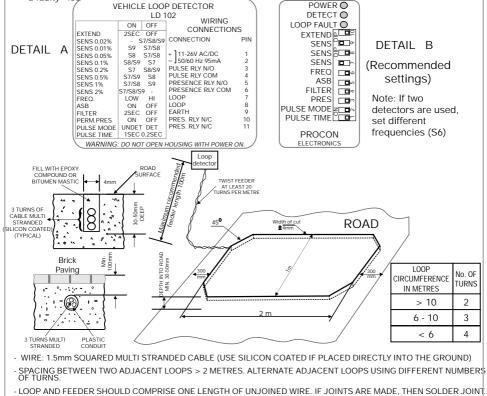
This feature ensures detection of the vehicle will be maintained when the vehicle is parked over the loop for extend - Sensitivity Boost.

This feature sets the undetect level to maximum sensitivity and is used to prevent loss of detection of high bed vehic - Filter Option

This option is used to provide a delay between detection of the vehicle and switching of the output relay. This delay used to prevent false detection of small or fast moving objects.

- Loop Fault Indicator

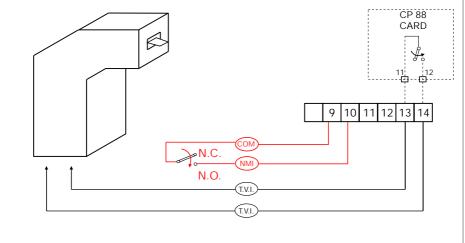
This LED Indicator is illuminated when the loop is either open circuit or short circuit and is used to give a visual indic a faulty loop



- USE SCREENED FEEDER CABLE IN ELECTRICALLY NOISY ENVIRONMENTS OR WHERE FEEDER RUNS PARALLEL TO POWER CABLES.

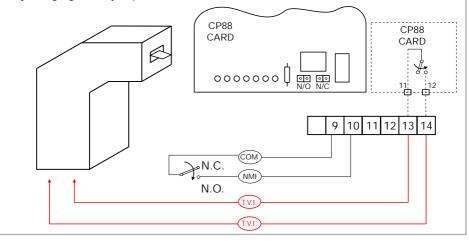
# 8.2.5 NON MEMORY INPUT ( NMI )

An example of "NMI" is the signal given by a ticket vending machine. NOTE: NMI responds only when contact goes from CLOSED to OPEN.



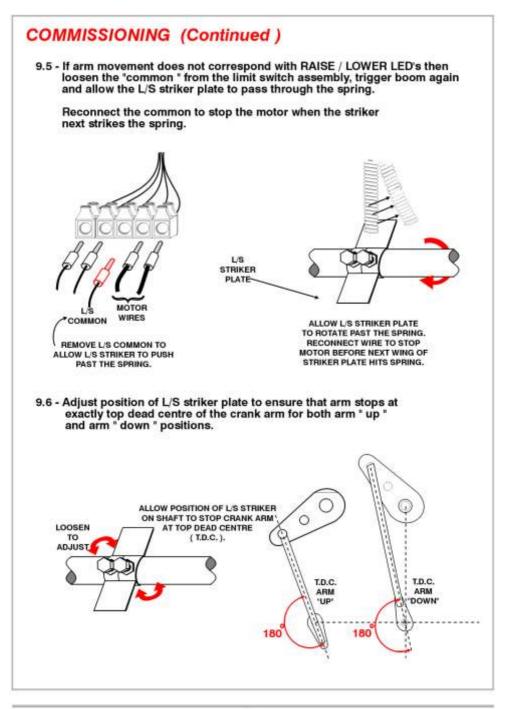
# 8.2.6 TICKET VEND INTERLOCK (TVI)

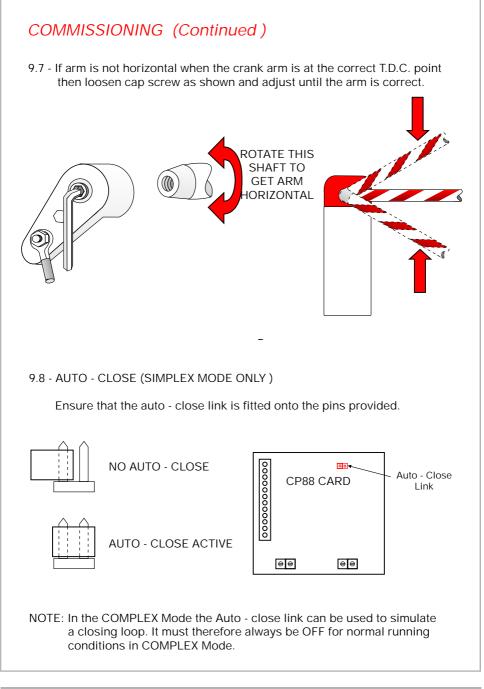
The "T.V.I " Signal from the CP88 CARD will prevent the ticket spitter from issuing another ticket until the arm is closing or closed. NOTE: The "TVI" contact can be selected as normally open or normally closed by bridging either jumper N/O or N/C on the CP88 card.

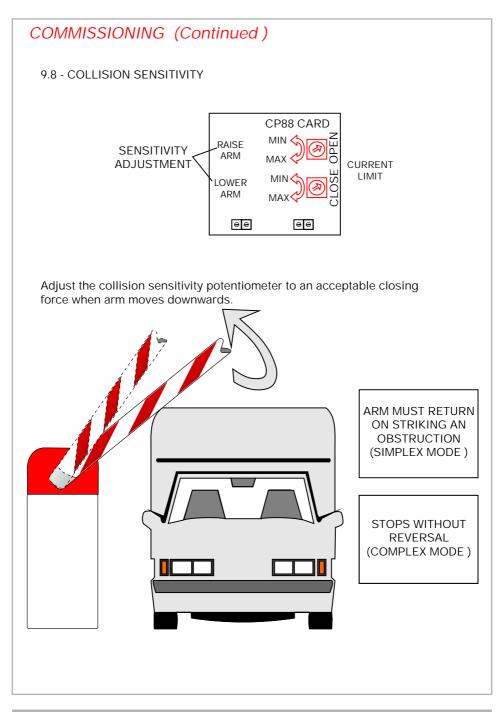


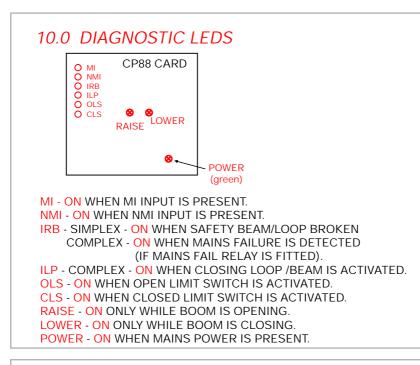
# 9.0 COMMISSIONING 9.1 - Before any commissioning is done it is important to make sure that the counter balancing spring is providing a force to balance the weight of the arm. Adjust the spring tension to suit the length of of arm. This can be done by loosening the nuts on the spring tensioner and adjusting the length. ADJUST LENGTH OF TENSIONER PIN TO SUIT ARM LENGTH Also make sure the boom coupler and crank arm are displaced by +/- 150 deg., NOT +/- 45 deg. **BOOM COUPLER** NOTE: ARM IS FULLY RAISED ("UP ") AND COUNTER **BALANCE SPRING IS** FULLY RETRACTED. CRANK ARM CORRECT FOR CORRECT FOR **ORIENTATION 2 ORIENTATION 4** ±150° ±150 END VIEWS FROM CRANK END NOT / NOT **±**45 WRONG !!

# COMMISSIONING (Continued) N.B. See Section 10 for a summary of the Diagnostic LEDS available on the controller. 9.2 - Switch on AC power and ensure the green power on LED on the CP88 control card illuminates: CP88 CARD PIC CHARGER ON (GREEN LED) 0 O 9.3 - Trigger boom and check that " MI " or " NMI "LED illuminates with trigger input. Check that the "RAISED (OLS)" OR "LOWERED (CLS)"limit LED 's illuminate when the L/S microswitches are made. CP88 CARD 99 99 9.4 - Check status of RAISE / LOWER LED 's and see whether the arm movement corresponds. T CP88 CARD BARRIER CLOSING BARRIER OPENING owering RAISING **e** e



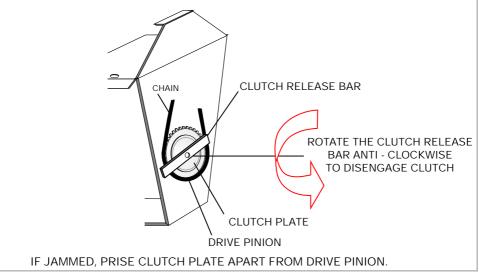






# 11.0 MANUAL RELEASE

In the event of a total malfunction of the boom it is possible to release the clutch and operate the boom manually.

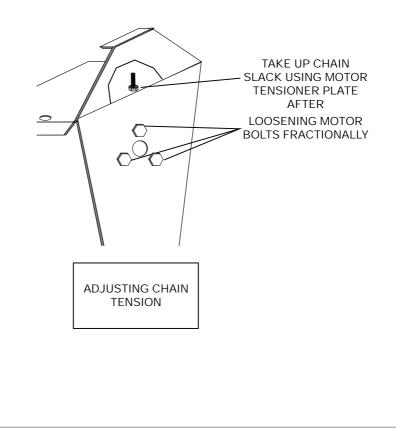


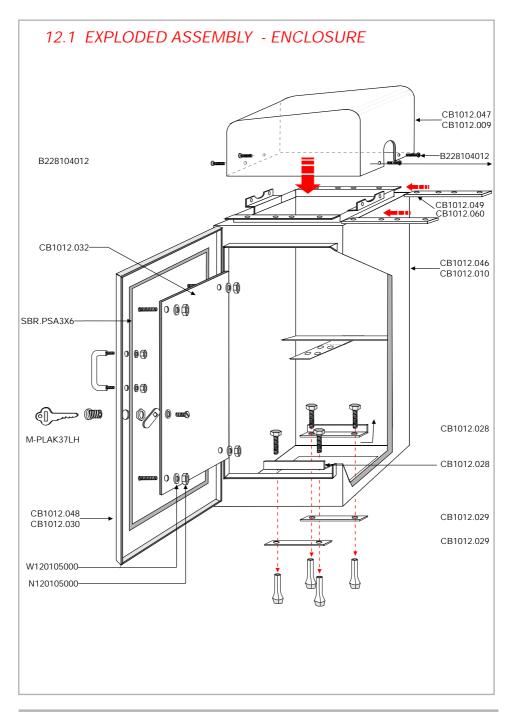
# 12.0 MAINTENANCE

The Centurion boom requires a minimum of maintenance. The following checks should be done periodically:

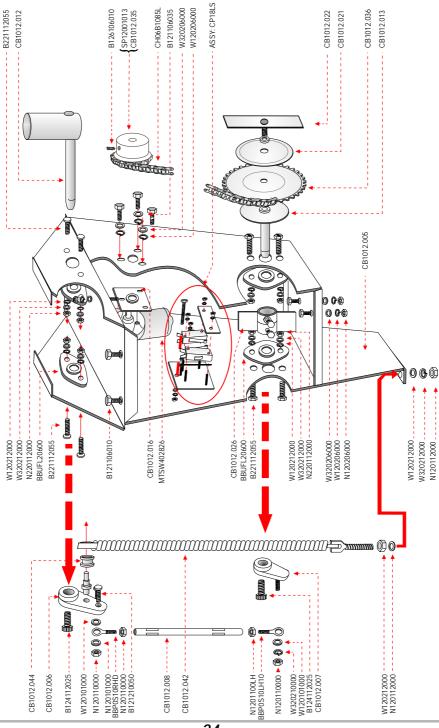
- Ensure all terminals are tight and that no nuts and bolts are loose.
- Check the chain tension, and adjust if necessary.
- Check that the battery water level is correct and that battery voltage is 13,6 to 13,8V DC without the charger connected.

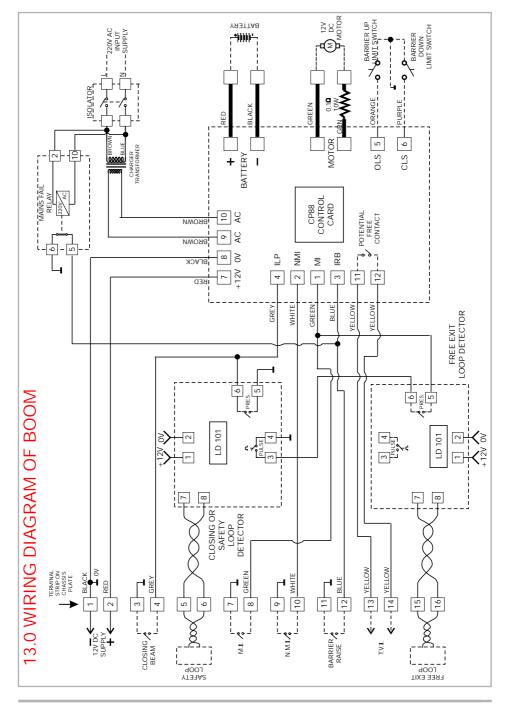
The exploded view of the boom assembly lists all spare part codes if spares are required. ( See 12.1 & 12.2 )

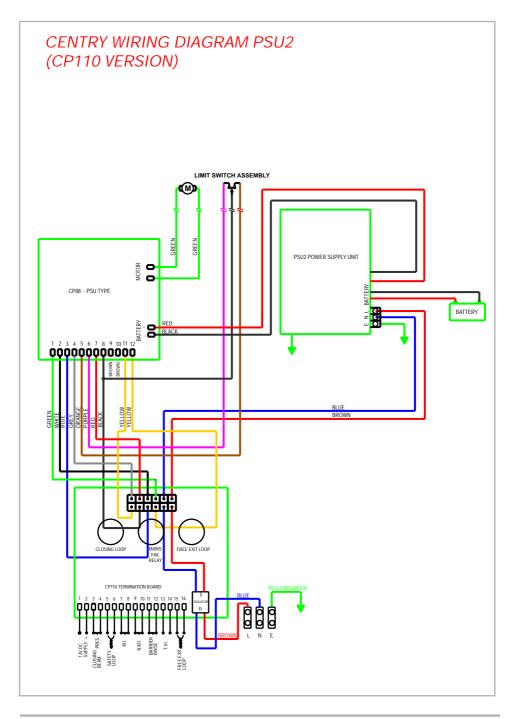




# 12.2 BOOM GEARBOX - EXPLODED ASSEMBLY







# 14.0 SPECIFICATIONS

### MOTOR

### Geared DC motor

Motor voltage Motor starting torque Motor continuous torque

### POWER SUPPLY

Battery supply AC supply to battery charger Battery charger

Maximum charge current Float voltage

### GENERAL

Maximum boom length Boom cycle time Number of operations in the event of mains power failure using standard 35A/H battery 300 operations Recommended maximum number of boom operations per day

### **ENCLOSURE**

Material Surface finish Access door

### CONTROLLER

Centurion CP88. Туре Trigger inputs Memory input for pushbutton, keyswitch, radio control, card reader, keypad and any device with potential free N/O output. Non memory input for ticket vendor or cash register. Simplex - Provides safety input Inductive loop input/ IR Beam input Complex - Boom lowers automatically when loop is cleared Roll back protection Programmed 2 second. Simplex - Programmed 30 seconds, selectable, Auto - close ON or OFF Complex - Programmed 90 seconds, not selectable. Interlocks Tickets vend interlock via potential free contact to inhibit ticket issue when boom is raising or up. Terminals Plug in terminals for auxiliaries. Screw type terminals for motor and battery.

Type: SWF 402826 12V DC. Gearbox fitted with bronze wormwheel. 12V DC. 50Nm (Equiv. power +/- 600W). 6Nm (Equiv. power +/- 72W).

12V DC 35A/H Maintenance free. 12 - 16V AC (30VA). Voltage regulated, short circuit protected. Output voltage adjustable. 15A nominal 13.7V nominal.

4.5m less than 5 seconds

1000 operations.

1.6mm mild steel or stainless steel. White epoxy powder coat, red cover. Lockable, hinged. Surface coating as per main enclosure.

# 15.0 GLOSSARY

### Anti Rollback

A protection initiated by a closing loop causing the boom arm to re - open if a vehicle rolls back onto the closing loop. Rollback is usually only effective for about 2 seconds after the arm has started to close. Beyond this time the arm will continue its closing cycle until fully closed.

### Anti Passback

Protection on card readers to prevent the same card from being passed back from one vehicle to the vehicle following. The card reader has a memory which will only allow the card to be used for re-entry once the card has first been used to exit the same site.

### Auto Close

If selected the electronic controller will cause the boom arm to reclose after a preset time.

### Collision Sensing

A means of sensing that the arm has collided with an obstruction. If fitted, it will cause a closing arm to stop or reverse direction and re-open, depending on mode.

### **Closing Loop**

An inductive loop which sends a signal to the electronic controller signalling that the vehicle is clear of the area and that the arm can close.

### Firmware

The instruction set (or code ) contained in the microprocessor which controls the actions and responses of the electronic controller .

### Free Exit Loop

An inductive loop provided for the purpose of automatically opening a berrier to allow a vehicle to exit.

### Inductive Loop Detector

An electronic device which is able to detect a change in inductance of a wire loop due to the presence of a metallic object being placed in the vicinity of of the loop.

### I R Beam

An infra red beam of light across a driveway. An object breaking the beam causes a relay contact to open (or close) indicating an obstruction.

### Loop

A wire loop in the ground connected to an electronic, inductive loop detector to sense the presence of a metallic object (e.g. a vehicle).

### Mains Failure Relay

A relay fitted to detect that the 220V AC mains has failed. It will cause a normally closed boom to open. If the mains is reapplied the boom will close after a period of 90 seconds. Although not necessary, on a battery operated boom such as the CENTRY, the mains failure relay ensures that the CENTRY compiles with the legal requirements in many municipalities. The fire regulations dictate that barriers must fail to "open" in the event of a power failure (which may have been caused by a fire in the premises).

### Memory Input

Electronic controller input which memorises the number of pulses received (e.g. from a card reader). The arm will only close after the same number of "exit" pulses have been received (e.g. from a closing loop).

### Non Memory Input

Electronic controller input which will store only one single pulse in memory irrespective of the number of the pulses received. The boom arm must be closing or closed before the next pulse will take effect.

### Presence Loop

An inductive loop used to provide an indication to, for example, a ticket spliter that a vehicle is present and that a ticket can be issued. Also often used to "arm" a card reader, such that the card reader will only accept a valid card when a vehicle is present. (To prevent a pedestrian opening a barrier with a card without a vehicle present).

### **Ticket Spitter**

A machine capable of issuing a ticket when signalled to do so.

### **Ticket Vending Interlock**

A relay contact connected to a ticket vending machine to prevent tickets being issued while the boom arm is opening or open. As soon as the arm begins to close the ticket spitter is re - enabled.



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# Sharecall 0860-CENTURION

(Sharecall number applicable when dialed from within South Africa only)

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